

# 個人資料私隱專員公署 Office of the Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data

Safeguarding Data Security Amid Increasing Cyberattacks

The American Chamber of Commerce 21 March 2024

# **Ada CHUNG Lai-ling**

**Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data** 





1. Overview of the Data Protection Principles as specified in the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (PDPO)

- 2. Cyberattacks and data breaches
- 3. PCPD's resources for enhancing data security



### **Definition** Personal data means any data –

(Section 2(1) of the PDPO)



Relating directly or indirectly to a living individual;

From which it is practicable for the **identity** of the individual to be directly or indirectly **ascertained**; and

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In a form in which access to or processing of the data is practicable



# **6 Data Protection Principles**

(Schedule 1 to the PDPO)



Represent the core requirements of the **Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (PDPO)** 

Cover the entire lifecycle of the handling of personal data, from collection, holding, processing, use to deletion

**Data users must comply** with the DPPs

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### **DPP1** Purpose and Manner of Collection of Personal Data



Must be collected for a lawful purpose directly related to a function or activity of the data user



The means of collection must be lawful and fair



The data is **necessary, adequate but not excessive** in relation to the purpose of collection



All practicable steps shall be taken to inform the data subject whether it is obligatory to supply the personal data, the purpose of data collection, and the classes of persons to whom the data may be transferred, etc.

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### **DPP3** Use of personal data



Personal data shall not, without the **prescribed consent** of the data subject, be used for a **new purpose**.

"Prescribed consent" means express consent given voluntarily which has not been withdrawn in writing



Under certain circumstances, a relevant person in relation to a data subject may, on his or her behalf, give the **prescribed consent** required for using the data subject's personal data for a **new purpose**.

"<u>New purpose</u>" means any purpose which is <u>unrelated to</u> <u>the original purpose or its</u> <u>directly related purpose</u> when the data is collected



### **DPP4** Security of personal data



Data users should take all practicable steps to ensure the personal data that they hold is protected against unauthorised or accidental access, processing, erasure, loss or use



If a data processor is engaged, the data user must adopt contractual or other means to prevent unauthorised or accidental access, processing, erasure, loss or use of the data transferred to the data processor for processing





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### **Global Situation** The bad news is that cyberattacks are rising

### Cyberattacks around the world

#### **Ransomware victims**

Q1 2021 – Q3 2023

PCPD.ora.hk



#### State of play in 2023







of IT professionals lose sleep worrying about the organisation being hit by a cyberattack



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Source: Sophos

### **Global Examples** The Medibank and social media cases – why we need to be worried



#### Medibank (2022)

- Hackers used the credential stolen from an employee account with preferential access to the internal system of the insurer
- Health data of over 9 million customers
   breached

#### Source: Reuters (2022)





For Immediate Release

Global Data Breach Involving Various Social Media and Online Platforms Privacy Commissioner's Office Reminds Platform Users to Stay Vigilant

#### Global Data Breach Involving Social Media Platforms (2024)

 Reports that researchers uncovered global data breach incidents affecting various online platforms involving 26 billion records of personal data

Source: PCPD (2024)

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# **Local Cyber Security Attacks**

Cyberattacks are also increasing in Hong Kong

PCPD's survey with HKCERT shows nearly ¾ of enterprises faced cyberattacks in 2023, the highest in five years

% of enterprises that encountered cyberattacks in the past 12 months



Source: Hong Kong Enterprise Cyber Security Readiness Index



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# **Local Data Breaches**

Data breach notifications surged in 2023; hacking was a major contributor

Compared with 2022, DBNs in 2023 rose substantially by 50%

Data breach notifications to PCPD

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# DBNs involving hacking rose both absolutely and relatively

#### Data breach notifications involving hacking



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### **Legal Liability** A data breach may amount to contravention of DPP4(1) and (2)

#### **DPP4(1)**



A data user shall take **all reasonably practicable steps** to ensure that the personal data it holds is protected against unauthorised or accidental access, processing, erasure, loss or use.







# **Inspections and Compliance Checks**

PCPD takes proactive actions

Inspections

Inspections by PCPD in the past three years				
Report Date	<b>Companies Inspected</b>			
9 Oct 23	ZA Bank Limited			
20 Sep 23	The Registration and Electoral Office			
20 Dec 22	TransUnion Limited			
18 Aug 21	(1) CLP Power Hong Kong Limited and (2) The Hongkong Electric Company, Limited			

#### **Compliance checks**





Selected compliance checks launched in 2023

- All credit reference agencies
- Use of AI by 28 local organisations

# **Investigation against Carousell Limited**

Unauthorised scraping of personal data of Carousell users

#### Background



The investigation arose from a data breach notification lodged by Carousell Limited



The company reported that a listing posted on an online forum offered the sale of the personal data of 2.6 million Carousell users, including the personal data of 324,232 users in Hong Kong

#### **Carousell's Explanation**



The data breach incident was caused by a security vulnerability relating to a system migration

### Data User's Obligation



Although Carousell Limited was at all material times using the information systems and database under the centralised model of the Carousell Group, Carousell Limited as a data user under the PDPO has a positive duty to safeguard the security of the personal data under its control

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### Investigation against Carousell Limited Decision

#### **DPP4(1) contravention**



Carousell Limited had **not taken all practicable steps** in relation to the system migration to ensure that the **personal data held by Carousell** were protected from unauthorised or accidental access, processing, erasure, loss or use, thereby contravening DPP 4(1) concerning the security of personal data The Privacy Commissioner served an Enforcement Notice on Carousell Limited, directing it to remedy and prevent recurrence of the contravention





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# **PCPD's Resources for Enhancing Data Security**

PCPD is helping data users enhance data security and prevent data breaches

### **Data Security Thematic Webpage**

One-stop access to resources on data security



### **Data Security Hotline**

Provide SMEs with a channel to make enquiries about compliance with the PDPO



#### **Data Security Scanner**

Self-assessment toolkit for enterprises to assess adequacy of data security measures of ICT systems



#### **Guidance Materials**

- Data Breach Response Plan
- Guidance Note on Data Security Measures for ICT
- Privacy Management Programme (PMP)

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### **Data Breach Response Plan**

Putting a plan in place can help minimise impact of a data breach

#### What?

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- A document setting out **how** an organisation should **respond in a data breach**
- The plan should outline:
  - a set of procedures to be followed in a data breach
  - strategy for identifying, containing, assessing and managing the impact brought about by the incident from start to finish

### Why?



Help ensure a **quick response** to and **effective management** of a data breach

### Elements

- Description of what makes a data breach
- $_{d \rightarrow \Box}^{\diamond \leftarrow \circ}$  Internal incident notification procedure
- & Contact details of response team members
- E Risk assessment workflow
- Containment strategy
- Communication plan
- $\mathbb{Q}_{\mathbf{k}}$  Investigation procedure
- Record keeping policy
- أها Post-incident review mechanism

### Training or drill plan

## **Handling Data Breaches**

### Handling a data breach requires 5 steps, with a preparatory plan in place



#### Guidance on Data Breach Handling and Data Breach Notifications

#### INTRODUCTION

#### Good data breach handling makes good business sense

A good data breach handling policy and practice is not only useful for containing the damage caused by a breach, but also demonstrate the data user's responsibility and accountability when tackling the problem, by formulating a clear action plan that can be followed in the event of a data breach. In addition to enabling the data subjects affected by the breach to take appropriate protective measures, data breach notifications can help reduce the risk of litigation and maintain the data user's goodwill and business relationships, and in some cases the public's confidence in the organisation.

This guidance is aimed at assisting data users to prepare for and handle data breaches, to prevent recurrence and to mitigate the loss and damage caused to the data subjects involved, particularly when sensitive personal data is involved.

#### What is personal data?

Data breach incidents often involve the personal data of individuals, such as customers, service users, employees and job applicants of organisations. Under the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Chapter 486 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (PDPO), personal data means any data'

 (a) relating directly or indirectly to a living individual;

1 Section 2(1) of the PDPC

2 Under section 2(1) of the PDPO, a "data user", in relation to personal data, other persons, controls the collection, holding, processing or use of the data



(b) from which it is practicable for the identity of the individual to be directly or indirectly ascertained; and

(c) in a form in which access to or processing of the data is practicable.

#### What is a data breach?

A data breach is generally regarded as a suspected or actual breach of the security of personal data held by a data user<sup>2</sup>, which exposes the personal data of data subject(s) to the risk of unauthorised or accidental access, processing, erasure, loss or use.

#### The following are some examples of data breaches:

- The loss of personal data stored on devices such as laptop computers, USB flash drives, portable hard disks or backup tapes
- The improper handling of personal data,



#### Handling data breaches



# **Guidance Note on Data Security Measures for ICT**

We recommend best practices in strengthening data security



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Data users should step up their data security measures to **prevent malicious attacks** on their information systems

We have witnessed an increasing number of

Background

data breaches over the years



Robust data security system is a core element of good data governance

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### **7 Recommended Measures** Taking the below measures enhances data security of organisations

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### **Privacy Management Programme (PMP)** Definition and benefits of adoption



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#### What's PMP?

#### A management framework

- For the responsible collection, holding, processing & use of personal data by the organisation
- To ensure compliance with Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (PDPO)

### Why PMP?

Minimise risk of data security



incidents

Handle data breaches effectively to minimise damage



**Ensure compliance** with PDPO



**Build trust** with employees and customers, and enhance corporate reputation and competitiveness

"Guide for Independent Non-Executive Directors" published by HKIoD recommends use of PMP as part of ESG management!

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# **3 Components of PMP**

Apply PMP as a business imperative throughout the organisation



#### **1. Organisational Commitment**

- Get buy-in from the top
- Appoint Data Protection Officer
- Set up a reporting mechanism



### 2. Programme Controls

- Personal data inventory
- Internal policies
- Risk assessment tools
- Training, education & promotion
  - Handling of data breach incidents
- Data processor management

Communication



- 3. Ongoing Assessment and Revision
- Develop an oversight & review plan
- Assess and revise programme controls



Privacy Management Programme: A Best Practice Guide (revised in Mar 2019)

1



Guidance Note on Data Security Measures for Information and Communications Technology (Aug 2022)

2



Guidance on Data Breach Handling and Data Breach Notifications (revised in Jun 2023)



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accidental access, processing, erasure, loss or use.





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