

願景、使命及價值 Vision, Mission & Values

願景

培養及推廣保障與尊重個人資料私隱的文化。

Vision

To develop and promote a culture of protection and respect for individual's privacy in relation to personal data.

使命

- 透過宣傳和教育,推廣保障及 尊重個人資料私隱
- 透過提供指引和最佳行事常規, 促進合法及負責任地使用個人 資料
- 透過有效執法,監察及監管循規情況
- 透過持續檢視和優化,並參考 全球個人資料私隱保障的標準, 維持監管機制的效能

Mission

- To promote the protection and respect for personal data privacy through publicity and education
- To facilitate lawful and responsible use of personal data by providing guidance and best practices
- To monitor and supervise compliance through effective enforcement
- To maintain the efficacy of the regulatory regime through continuous review and enhancement, taking into account global standards for the protection of personal data privacy

價值

算重

● 尊重他人的個人資料私隱

誠信

● 行事公正專業

創新

● 緊貼科技、社會與經濟的發展

獨立

● 獨立於政府和其他機構

卓越

● 致力追求最佳成績及最高標準

Values

Respect

Respect others' personal data privacy

Integrity

Acting fairly and professionally

Innovation

Embrace technological, social and economic developments

Independence

• Independent from the Government and other bodies

Excellence

• Striving for the best results and highest standards



私隱專員的話

Privacy Commissioner's

Message

我十分高興能夠向各位介紹個人資料私隱專員公署(私隱公署) 2021-22年度的年報。在本地以至世界各地的私隱保障領域不斷發展的情況下,本報告年度無疑是忙碌且充實的一年。在香港,《2021年個人資料(私隱)(修訂)條例》(《修訂條例》)於年內通過並實施,這不但標誌着本港保障個人資料的監管制度踏入新紀元,更是私隱公署歷史上的又一重要里程碑。

I have much pleasure in presenting to you the Annual Report of the Office of the Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data (PCPD) for the year 2021-22. Undoubtedly, the reporting year was a hectic yet eventful year with a wide array of developments in the privacy protection landscape both locally and globally. The passage and implementation of the Personal Data (Privacy) (Amendment) Ordinance 2021 (Amendment Ordinance) in the year not only heralds a new era in the regulatory regime for the protection of personal data in Hong Kong, but also drives the PCPD to another major milestone in its history.

鍾麗玲 Ada CHUNG Lai-ling

個人資料私隱專員

Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data



2021-22年度的主要數字 Key Figures in 2021-22

作為個人資料私隱的守護者,我們於**2021-22**年度繼續在各方面履行職能並行使權力,以推廣、確保並維護對個人資料私隱的保障。在報告年度內,我們:

As the guardian of personal data privacy, we strove to continue promoting, ensuring and upholding the protection of personal data privacy by discharging our powers and functions on all fronts in 2021-22. During the reporting year, we:

- ◆ 接獲3,368 宗投訴個案;

 Received 3,368 complaints;
- 處理1,351宗「起底」個案;
 Handled 1,351 doxxing cases;
- 展開96次調查; Initiated 96 investigations;
- 接獲142宗資料外洩事故通報;
 Received 142 data breach notifications:
- 接獲16,944宗公眾查詢; Received 16,944 public enquiries;
- 進行373次循規審查; Carried out 373 compliance checks;
- 展開65次刑事調查; Initiated 65 criminal investigations;
- 發布33篇新聞稿; Issued 33 media statements;
- 回應 144 宗傳媒查詢; Responded to 144 media enquiries;

- 留意到2,742則與私隱公署的工作相關的新聞於不同的傳媒平台報道;
 Saw 2,742 news reports relating to PCPD's work being published on various media channels;
- → 錄得每月平均155,901人次瀏覽私隱公 署網站;Recorded an average of 155,901 visits to the PCPD's website per month;
- ♠ 於社交媒體發表 296 篇帖文;及
 Published 296 social media posts; and
- → 錄得32,794人次參加私隱公署的講座、研習班及工作坊,從而加強對《個人資料(私隱)條例》(《私隱條例》)的理解及遵從。

Reached out to 32,794 persons at PCPD's talks, seminars and workshops to enhance understanding of and compliance with the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (PDPO).



工作重點

在2021年,為修訂《私隱條例》以 有效打擊「起底」行為,我和我的團 隊致力就具體修例建議向政制及 內地事務局局長提供協助,並積極 參與其後的立法程序。同時,我們 亦不遺餘力地為實施新的監管制 度作準備,包括成立專責的刑事問 查組別、訂立調查和檢控的政策及 程序、訂立發出停止披露通知以移 除「起底」訊息的新工作流程及程 序,以及準備指引資料、表格樣本 等。

有賴各方努力,尤其是來自政府及立法會議員的大力支持,《修訂條例》於2021年10月8日正式刊憲生效。

我很高興向大家匯報,經過我的團隊鍥而不捨的努力和堅持,我們於去年得以平穩過渡到新的監管制度。就此,我和一眾同事亦要衷心感謝香港警務處及律政司在整個立法過程中鼎力相助,並向我們提供寶貴意見及必要培訓,令我們可以就私隱公署履行《修訂條例》下的新角色及職能作好準備。

Highlights of Our Work

In 2021, my team and I were heavily engaged in supporting the Secretary for Constitutional and Mainland Affairs, as we put forth concrete legislative proposals to amend the PDPO in a bid to combat doxxing behaviour, and in the subsequent legislative process. In parallel, we spared no effort in preparing for the implementation of the new regulatory regime including the establishment of a dedicated criminal investigation team, the formulation of investigation and prosecution policies and procedures, new workflows and procedures to issue cessation notices to remove doxxing messages, and the preparation of guidance materials, specimen forms and the like.

Thanks to the unstinting efforts of all parties involved, and, in particular, the generous support of the Government and members of the Legislative Council, the Amendment Ordinance was enacted, and came into effect, on 8 October 2021.

I am pleased to report that thanks to the hard work and perseverance of my team, we managed to achieve a seamless transition to the new regulatory regime last year. To this end, my colleagues and I are also indebted to Hong Kong Police and the Department of Justice for their staunch support in the entire legislative process, and for their advice and arrangement of necessary training for my office in our preparation for the assumption of our new roles and duties under the Amendment Ordinance.

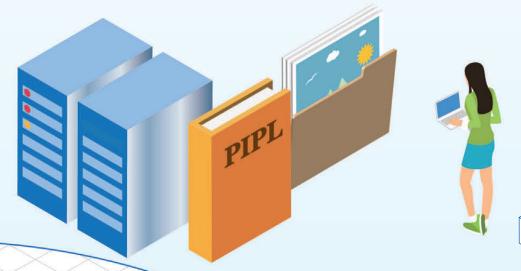


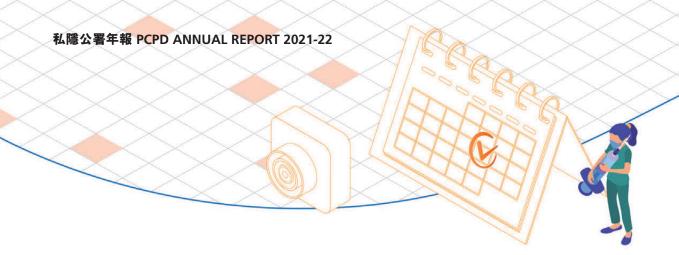


我為我的同事共同努力得來的成果感到自豪一截至2022年3月為止(即《修訂條例》生效起計約五個月內),私隱公署除了展開了65次刑事調查外,亦迅速向13個平台發出602份停止披露通知,要求移除3,110項「起底」訊息。

I am particularly proud of the concerted efforts of my colleagues. Together, we sowed the seeds for initiating 65 criminal investigations as of March 2022, within a period of around five months from the enactment of the Amendment Ordinance, followed by a swift issuance of 602 cessation notices to 13 platforms which involved 3,110 doxxing messages for the same period.

Regulatory overhauls are not confined locally. The Personal Information Protection Law (PIPL), the first piece of legislation on the Mainland dedicated to protecting personal information, came into effect in November 2021. To help the general public and businesses in Hong Kong better understand the regulatory regime for the protection of personal information on the Mainland, the PCPD published a booklet entitled "Introduction to the Personal Information Protection Law of the Mainland" within three weeks after the PIPL came into effect. As part of our educational efforts, I also hosted a webinar on the subject with renowned scholars and practitioners from the Mainland appearing as guest speakers, met with relevant stakeholders to understand their needs and concerns, and published various articles to highlight the requirements under the PIPL on the transfer of personal information out of the Mainland.



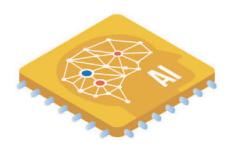


有見政府推出的「疫苗通行證」安排引起一些對個人資料私隱及資料保安的關注,我們特意審視了「疫苗通行證」的設計和功能。經相關評估後,我們向大眾指出,「疫苗通行證」在執行上與內地和世界各地採取的相類似措施一致,亦符合《私隱條例》的規定。

During the reporting year, Hong Kong continued its uphill battle against the COVID-19 pandemic. Addressing any lingering doubts and privacy concerns arising from the anti-epidemic measures naturally became another priority of our work. To that end, we issued, for example, the "Guidance for Employers on Collection and Use of Personal Data of Employees during COVID-19 Pandemic" amid the fifth wave of the pandemic. We also issued advisories appealing to the public to take proper measures to protect their personal data when they worked from home and to pay extra caution when they registered for various lucky draws for the vaccinated population.

Given that the Vaccine Pass arrangements made by the Government sparked some concerns over the protection of personal data privacy and security of data, we looked into the Vaccine Pass in terms of its design and functionality. Following our assessment, we assured the public that the operation of the Vaccine Pass was in line with similar measures taken on the Mainland and other parts of the world, and also in compliance with the requirements of the PDPO.





與世界各地的資料保障監管機構 一樣,私隱公署一直分秒必爭,力 求應對科技發展帶來的複雜議題。 作為劃時代的科技,人工智能所帶 來的私隱與道德風險便是我們本 年內着手處理的議題之一。鑑於人 工智能的使用在香港日漸普及,我 們在2021年8月發出《開發及使用 人工智能道德標準指引》,以助機 構在開發及使用人工智能時,能明 白並遵從《私隱條例》的相關規定。 該指引根據國際標準,建議機構在 開發及使用人工智能時奉行三項 基本數據管理價值並採納七項道 德原則。我們相信,健康地開發及 使用人工智能將有助香港成為創 科中心和世界級的智慧城市。

The PCPD, like any of its counterparts around the globe, has been racing against time to address the thorny issues brought about by technological advancements. One of those which we highlighted and addressed in the year was the privacy and ethical risks caused by artificial intelligence (AI) – a game changer in our times. As the use of AI has been gaining momentum in Hong Kong, we issued in August 2021 the "Guidance on the Ethical Development and Use of Artificial Intelligence" to help organisations understand and comply with the relevant requirements of the PDPO when they develop or use Al. In line with international standards in the field, organisations are recommended to embrace three fundamental Data Stewardship Values and seven ethical principles when they develop and use Al. We believe that the healthy development and use of AI will contribute to making Hong Kong a technology and innovation centre and a world-class smart city.



科技在社會層面的發展無疑為個 人資料私隱帶來前所未見的挑戰, 更對整個社會有着深遠的影響。 當我們享受着科技發展的成果時, 被廣泛使用的社交媒體及視像會 議軟件同樣帶來不同的私隱風險: 除了被日益關注的資料保安外, 亦包括過度收集、保留,以及未獲 准許使用個人資料。在2021年年 初,一主要即時通訊軟件公布更改 使用條款,另外又有數宗疑似涉及 不同社交媒體平台的重大資料外 洩事故發生。有鑑於此,私隱公署 於2021年4月發出《保障個人資料 私隱一使用社交媒體及即時通訊 軟件的指引》,並就此進行了一系 列宣傳及教育活動。在2021年10 月,私隱公署連同來自澳洲、加拿 大、直布羅陀、瑞十及英國的五個 資料保障機構發表聯合聲明,向視 像會議公司表達環球共同的私隱 期望。聯合聲明列出主要視像會議 公司在提供服務時為保障個人資 料而應採取的良好行事常規,同時 向它們指出一些可以改善的地方。

It is beyond dispute that socio-technological developments have posed unprecedented challenges to personal data privacy and impacted people from all walks of life. Whilst each and every one of us is tasting the fruits brought about by technological advancements, the extensive use of online social media and video teleconferencing (VTC) software also comes with privacy risks in terms of excessive collection, retention and unauthorised use of personal data, as well as mounting concerns on data security. In the wake of the changes in the terms of use of a major instant messaging application and several high-profile data breach incidents allegedly involving various social media platforms in early 2021, the PCPD issued the "Guidance on Protecting Personal Data Privacy in the Use of Social Media and Instant Messaging Apps" in April 2021, followed by a series of publicity and education campaigns on the subject. In October 2021, my office joined hands with five data protection authorities from Australia, Canada, Gibraltar, Switzerland and the United Kingdom in publishing a joint statement on global privacy expectations for VTC companies. The joint statement highlighted the good practices reported by the major VTC companies in safeguarding personal data when they provide their services, while reminding the VTC companies of the possible areas of further improvement.



展望未來

對私隱公署而言,2022-23年度將依然充滿挑戰。一方面,我們將繼續加強在《修訂條例》下的執法能力,務求更有效地打擊「起底」行為;另一方面,我們將與政府緊壓向上,審視《私隱條例》並制定監管方式。我們亦將繼衛向上,以反映最新的繼續的相關持份者就個人資料私隱專直提供意見及建議,以助香港按《粵直提供意見及建議,以助香港按《粵港澳大灣區發展規劃綱要》發展成為大灣區的科技及數據中心。

最後,我衷心感謝政府、個人資料 (私隱)諮詢委員會及科技發展常 務委員會的委員,以及我們的持份 者對私隱公署的工作堅定不移的 支持。我亦要感謝一眾同事,他們 的專業、付出和毅力令我們得以順 利過渡至新監管制度。

讓我們攜手協力,在保障私隱領域 上共創高峯。

鍾麗玲

大律師 個人資料私隱專員 2022年9月

Looking ahead

2022-23 is set to be another challenging year for the PCPD. While we will continue to enhance our capabilities to enforce the Amendment Ordinance to combat doxxing behaviour more effectively, we will also be working closely with the Government in carrying out a review of the PDPO, with a view to formulating legislative proposals to further amend the PDPO to incorporate the latest international norms and regulatory practices. We will also continue to offer our views and advice to relevant stakeholders on a myriad of issues relating to personal data privacy, in support of the development of Hong Kong into a technology and data hub in the Greater Bay Area under the Outline Development Plan for the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area.

Last but not least, I wish to express my sincere gratitude to the Government, members of the Personal Data (Privacy) Advisory Committee and the Standing Committee on Technology Development, and our stakeholders, for their relentless support to our work. I am also indebted to all my colleagues, whose professionalism, devotion and perseverance have contributed to the successful transition to the new regulatory regime.

Together, we will scale new heights in the privacy protection landscape.

Ada CHUNG Lai-ling

Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data

Barrister



全年活動一覽 One Year at-a-glance

2021 4月/Apr 發出《保障個人資料私隱 — 使用社交媒體及即時通訊軟件的指引》 Issued "Guidance on Protecting Personal Data Privacy in the Use of Social Media and Instant Messaging Apps"

私隱公署多個網站獲頒2020-21年度無障礙網頁嘉許計劃「金獎」 The PCPD's various websites received "Gold Award" in the Web Accessibility Recognition Scheme 2020-21

2020-2021 GOLD 金獎

無障礙身の網百

web-accessibility.hk

_ 2020-2021 TRIPLE GOLD 無障礙 (3 · ◎

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web-accessibility.hl





個人資料私隱專員(私隱專員)及香港中文大學工程學院副院長(外務) 黃錦輝教授出席「社交媒體與你」網上講座

The Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data (Privacy Commissioner) and Professor WONG Kam-fai, Associate Dean (External Affairs), Faculty of Engineering of The Chinese University of Hong Kong, spoke at a webinar on "Social Media and You"

政制及內地事務局局長與私隱專員就《私隱條例》的擬議修訂事宜出席立法會政制事務委員會會議

Secretary for Constitutional and Mainland Affairs and Privacy Commissioner attended the meeting of the Legislative Council Panel on Constitutional Affairs on proposed amendments to the PDPO

設立有關內地《個人信息保護法》的專題網頁 Launched a thematic webpage on the PIPL of the Mainland





2021 6月/ Jun 私隱專員出席第55屆亞太區私隱機構論壇,向成員介紹政府為打擊「起底」行為而提出有關《私隱條例》的修訂建議

Privacy Commissioner attended the 55th Asia Pacific Privacy Authorities (APPA) Forum, updating members on the Government's proposals to amend the PDPO to curb doxxing behaviour



舉辦年度「關注私隱週」,主題為「互聯網世代中保障私隱」

Launched the annual Privacy Awareness Week with the theme "Protecting Privacy in the Internet Era"

2021 7月/ Jul 舉辦「保障私隱學生大使●學校夥伴 嘉許計劃2021」暨「全港中學生手機 GAME應用程式設計比賽」

Launched "Student Ambassador for Privacy Protection Programme – Partnering Schools Recognition Scheme 2021" cum "Mobile Game Apps Design Competition for Secondary School Students"



私隱專員與亞洲互聯網聯盟代表進行會議,就擬議修 訂《私隱條例》交流意見

Privacy Commissioner met with representatives of the Asia Internet Coalition to exchange views on the proposed amendments to the PDPO



2021 8月/ Aug 政制及內地事務局局長與私 隱專員就修訂《私隱條例》以 打擊「起底」行為多次出席立 法會《2021年個人資料(私 隱)(修訂)條例草案》委員會 會議

Secretary for Constitutional and Mainland Affairs and Privacy Commissioner attended various meetings of the Bills Committee in its scrutiny of the Personal Data (Privacy) (Amendment) Bill 2021





發出《開發及使用人工智能道德標準指引》

Issued "Guidance on Ethical Development and Use of Artificial Intelligence"

public utility companies





2021 9月/ Sep 發布「了解歐盟委員會有關由歐盟地區轉移個人資料至非歐盟地區的新版標準合約條款」的常見問題資料,及舉辦相關專題網上講座

Published a set of Frequently Asked Questions & Answers on "Understanding the European Commission's New Standard Contractual Clauses for Transfer of Personal Data from EU to Non-EU Regions" and organised a webinar on the subject

一名地產代理被裁定違反《私隱條例》下直接促銷規定, 判罰款港幣15,000元

An estate agent was convicted of and fined HK\$15,000 for failing to comply with the direct marketing provisions under the PDPO





《修訂條例》刊憲生效,以加強打擊侵犯個人資料私隱的「起底」行為

The Amendment Ordinance was published in the gazette and came into effect to combat doxxing acts that are intrusive to personal data privacy



私隱專員出席第43屆環球私隱議會,呼籲成員加強國際協作 Privacy Commissioner attended the 43rd Global Privacy Assembly, appealing for greater international collaboration

連同來自澳洲、加拿大、直布羅陀、瑞士及英國的五個資料保障機構 發表聯合聲明,向視像會議公司表達環球共同的私隱期望

Released a joint statement together with five data protection authorities from Australia, Canada, Gibraltar, Switzerland and the United Kingdom on global privacy expectations for VTC companies

發表在預防感染2019冠狀病毒病規例下14間食肆對登記顧客資料的 保障措施的調查報告

Released an investigation report on security measures taken by 14 restaurants to protect customers' information collected under the COVID-19 anti-pandemic regulations



2021 10月/ Oct **2021** 11月/ Nov 私隱專員於網上公眾講座中講解《修訂條例》的主要內容。此網上講座在同年12月再度舉辦,兩次活動共吸引了超過1,300名參加者

Privacy Commissioner explained the Amendment Ordinance at a public webinar on the subject. With its re-run in December, the two webinars attracted more than 1,300 participants



申訴專員嘉許獎 THE OMBUDSMAN'S AWARDS

兩名私隱公署主任榮獲「申訴專 員嘉許獎2021」公職人員獎 Two PCPD officers received the Awards for Officers of Public Organisations of The Ombudsman's Awards 2021

出版《內地(個人信息保護法)簡介》小冊子
Published a booklet on "The Personal Information Protection Law of the Mainland"

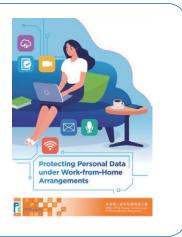
2021 12月/ Dec 首宗就涉嫌違反「起底」罪行的個案拘捕一名男子,罪名為違反《私隱條例》第64(3A)條,即「在未獲同意下披露個人資料」

Made the first arrest for a suspected doxxing offence, in which a male was arrested for a suspected contravention of section 64(3A) of the PDPO relating to "disclosing personal data without consent"

私隱專員出席第56屆亞太區私隱機構論壇,倡議開發及使用人工智能的道德標準Privacy Commissioner attended the 56th APPA Forum, advocating ethical development and use of artificial intelligence



2022 1月/ Jan 發布《在家工作安排下的個人資料保障》單張 Published "Protecting Personal Data under Work-from-Home Arrangements" leaflets



2022 2月/ Feb 發表對日經中國(香港)有限公司的電郵系統遭黑客入侵以致資料外洩的調查報告

Released an investigation report on a data breach incident caused by a hacker's intrusion into the email system of Nikkei China (Hong Kong) Limited

成立「防疫抗疫關愛義工隊」為社會對抗疫情貢獻力量

Established Anti-Pandemic Volunteer Team to contribute to the community's efforts to combat the pandemic



2022 3月/ Mar 捐贈抗疫物資予社福機構

Donated anti-epidemic medical supplies to social welfare organisations





數字回顧(2021年4月-2022年3月)

A Year in Numbers (APRIL 2021 - MARCH 2022)

3,368

接獲3,368宗投訴個案 Received 3,368 complaints





96

展開96次調查 Initiated 96 investigations



142

接獲142宗資料 外洩事故通報 Received 142 data breach notifications



接獲16,944宗公眾查詢 Received 16,944 public enquiries





1,351

處理 1,351 宗「起底」個案 Handled 1,351 doxxing cases



373

進行373次循規審查 Carried out 373 compliance checks



65

展開65次刑事調查 Initiated 65 criminal investigations



33

發布 33 篇新聞稿 Is<mark>sued 3</mark>3 media statements



144

回應 144宗傳媒查詢 Responded to 144 media enquiries



2,742 則與私隱公署的工作相關的新聞於不同的傳媒平台報道 2,742 news reports relating to PCPD's work were published on various media channels



155,901

錄得每月平均155,901人次瀏覽私隱公署網站 Recorded an average of 155,901 visits to the PCPD's website per month





296

於社交媒體發表 296 篇帖文 Published 296 social media posts 32,794

32,794人次參加私隱公署的講

座、研習班及工作坊,加強對《私隱條例》的理解及遵從
Reached out to 32,794 persons
at PCPD's talks, seminars
and workshops to enhance
understanding of and compliance
with the PDPO



私隱公署架構 Organisation

私隱公署是一個獨立機構,負責監察、監管和促進各界人士遵從《私隱條例》的規定,保障與個人資料有關的私隱,包括收集、持有、處理和使用個人資料。

私隱公署於1996年8月成立,其工作由私隱專員負責。私隱公署分為多個部門,包括投訴部、刑事調查部、合規及查詢部、法律部、環球事務及研究部、企業傳訊部及企業支援部。在報告年度完結時,私隱公署的職員數目為83人。

The Office of the Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data (PCPD) is an independent body that monitors, supervises and promotes compliance with the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (PDPO) to protect privacy of individuals in relation to the collection, holding, processing and use of personal data.

Established in August 1996, the PCPD is headed by the Privacy Commissioner and comprises different functional units, including the Complaints Division, Criminal Investigation Division, Compliance & Enquiries Division, Legal Division, Global Affairs & Research Division, Corporate Communications Division and Corporate Support Division. It had a total of 83 staff members at the end of the reporting year.



個人資料私隱專員

Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data

助理個人資料私隱專員(企業傳訊及合規)

Assistant Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data (Corporate Communications and Compliance)

助理個人資料私隱專員(法律、環球事務及研究)

Assistant Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data (Legal, Global Affairs and Research)

助理個人資料私隱專員(投訴及刑事調查)

Assistant Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data (Complaints and Criminal Investigation)

投訴 Complaints

刑事調查 Criminal Investigation

合規及查詢 Compliance & Enquiries

法律 Legal

環球事務及研究 Global Affairs & Research

企業傳訊 Corporate Communications

企業支援 Corporate Support

個人資料(私隱) 諮詢委員會

個人資料(私隱)諮詢委員會(委員會)是根據《私隱條例》第 11 條成立,目的是就保障個人資料私隱及《私隱條例》運作的相關事宜,向私隱專員提供意見。

主席 成 CHAIRPERSON M



鍾麗玲女士 個人資料私隱專員 **Ms Ada CHUNG Lai-ling** Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data

Personal Data (Privacy) Advisory Committee

The Personal Data (Privacy) Advisory Committee (PDPAC) was established pursuant to section 11 of the PDPO to advise the Privacy Commissioner on matters relating to personal data privacy protection and the operation of the PDPO.





歐陽嘉慧女士 律師 **Ms Terese AU-YEUNG Kar-wai** Solicitor



德國寶集團有限公司 執行董事 **Ms Karen CHAN Ka-yin, JP** Executive Director, German Pool Group Company Limited

陳嘉賢女士, JP



黃偉雄先生, MH, JP 中原地產代理有限公司 亞太區主席兼行政總裁 **Mr Addy WONG Wai-hung, MH, JP**





執行委員會委員兼公司秘書 (任期由2021年10月1日起) MS Eirene YEUNG Executive Committee Member & Company Secretary, CK Asset Holdings Limited (Appointment from 1 October 2021)

楊逸芝女士

長江實業集團有限公司

委員會會定期收取私隱公署的運 作表現報告,並就私隱公署在工作 上的重大議題向私隱專員作出建議。

委員會主席為私隱專員,而委員會 成員則由政制及內地事務局局長 委任。 The PDPAC receives regular reports on the operational performance of the PCPD and advises the Privacy Commissioner on the handling of major issues relating to the work of the PCPD.

The Privacy Commissioner is the chairperson of the PDPAC, and members of the PDPAC are appointed by the Secretary for Constitutional and Mainland Affairs.



趙質山先生

東方報業集團有限公司榮譽主席: 香港航天科技集團有限公司董事 (任期由2021年10月1日起)

Mr Alex CHIU Chih-sun

Honorary Chairman,

Oriental Press Group Limited; Director, Hong Kong Aerospace Technology Group Limited

(Appointment from 1 October 2021)



簡慧敏女士

中國銀行(香港)有限公司總法律顧問

Ms Carmen KAN Wai-mun

General Counsel,

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited



連浩民先生

永卓御富國際有限公司 創辦人

(任期由2021年10月1日起)

Mr Joseph LIN Ho-man

Founder,

Ever Royal International Limited (Appointment from 1 October 2021)



鍾郝儀女士

Clarksdale Investment Limited 董事長

(任期至2021年9月30日)

Ms Cordelia CHUNG

Chairman.

Clarksdale Investment Limited (Appointment up to 30 September 2021)



羅燦先生

ASI Analytics & Media Limited 董事總經理

(任期至2021年9月30日)

Mr Stephen LOH Chan

Chief Executive Officer, ASI Analytics & Media Limited (Appointment up to 30 September 2021) 政制及內地事務局副秘書長或 首席助理秘書長

Deputy Secretary for Constitutional and Mainland Affairs or Principal Assistant Secretary for Constitutional and Mainland Affairs

科技發展常務委員會

私隱公署設立科技發展常務委員會,旨在協助私隱專員更有效地執行《私隱條例》第8(1)(f)條指明的法定職能,即研究資料處理及資訊科技及監察其發展,以顧及該等發展

聯席主席 CO-CHAIRPERSONS



鍾麗玲女士個人資料私隱專員

Ms Ada CHUNG Lai-ling

Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data



吳鎧楓先生

署理助理個人資料私隱專員(法律、環球事務及研究)

Mr Dennis NG

Acting Assistant Privacy Commissioner (Legal, Global Affairs & Research)

Standing Committee on Technological Developments

The Standing Committee on Technological Developments (SCTD) was established to assist the Privacy Commissioner to better perform the statutory functions under section 8(1)(f) of the PDPO, namely researching into and monitoring technological developments that may affect

成員 MEMBERS (按姓氏英文字母排序 in alphabetical order of last name)



方保僑先生 香港資訊科技商會 榮譽會長

Mr Francis FONG Po-kiu

Honorary President, Hong Kong Information Technology Federation



楊月波教授

香港浸會大學計算機科學系 特邀教授

Professor YB YEUNG

Adjunct Professor, Department of Computer Science, Hong Kong Baptist University 對個人私隱在個人資料方面的潛 在影響。委員會同時會就私隱公署 為應對科技發展引伸的私隱議題, 就草擬實務守則、建議及指引資料 提供意見。 personal data privacy. The SCTD also advises on the drafting of codes of practices, advisories and guidance notes on privacy issues arising therefrom.

科技發展常務委員會由私隱專員及助理私隱專員擔任聯合主席。

The SCTD is co-chaired by the Privacy Commissioner and the Assistant Privacy Commissioner.



劉偉經教授

香港浸會大學財務及決策學系 特邀教授

Professor Jason LAU

Adjunct Professor, Department of Finance and Decision Sciences,

Hong Kong Baptist University



栢雅盛先生

霍金路偉律師行 合伙人

Mr Mark PARSONS

Partner, Hogan Lovells



黃錦輝教授

香港中文大學工程學院 副院長(外務) (任期由2022年1月1日起)

Professor KF WONG

Associate Dean (External Affairs), Faculty of Engineering, The Chinese University of Hong Kong (Appointment from 1 January 2022)



姚兆明教授

香港大學計算機科學系 教授及副系主任 (任期由2022年1月1日起)

Professor SM YIU

Professor and Associate Head, Department of Computer Science, The University of Hong Kong (Appointment from 1 January 2022)



白景崇教授

香港大學社會科學研究中心 總監 (任期至2021年12月31日)

Professor John BACON-SHONE

Director,

Social Sciences Research Centre, The University of Hong Kong (Appointment up to 31 December 2021)



鄒錦沛博士

香港大學計算機科學系 副教授 (任期至2021年12月31日)

Dr KP CHOW

Associate Professor, Department of Computer Science, The University of Hong Kong (Appointment up to 31 December 2021)

高級管理團隊 Senior Management Team



葉瑋璣先生

助理個人資料私隱專員(投訴及刑事調查)

Mr Cliff IP

Assistant Privacy Commissioner (Complaints and Criminal Investigation)

吳鎧楓先生

署理助理個人資料私隱專員(法律、環球事務及研究)

Mr Dennis NG

Acting Assistant Privacy Commissioner (Legal, Global Affairs and Research)

黎智敏女士

助理個人資料私隱專員(企業傳訊及合規)

Ms Joyce LAI

Assistant Privacy Commissioner (Corporate Communications and Compliance)

郭正熙先生

署理首席個人資料主任(合規及查詢)

Mr Brad KWOK

Acting Chief Personal Data Officer (Compliance & Enquiries)

陳美儀女士

首席個人資料主任(投訴)

Ms Amy CHAN

Chief Personal Data Officer (Complaints)

潘潔霖女士

高級個人資料主任(企業支援)

Ms Natalie POON

Senior Personal Data Officer (Corporate Support)



庾燕青女士

首席個人資料主任(刑事調查)

Ms Gloria YU

Chief Personal Data Officer (Criminal Investigation)

關啟宇先生

高級律師

Mr Billy KWAN

Senior Legal Counsel

高級主任 **Senior Officers**

陳潤蓮女士 高級個人資料主任(合規及查詢)

Ms Christine CHAN

Senior Personal Data Officer (Compliance & Enquiries)

陳香凝女士 高級個人資料主任(投訴)

Ms Joanna CHAN

Senior Personal Data Officer (Complaints)

鄭楚英女士 署理高級個人資料主任(合規及查詢)

Ms Kimmy CHENG

Acting Senior Personal Data Officer (Compliance & Enquiries)



陳德明先生

高級個人資料主任(資訊科技)

Mr Raymond CHAN

Senior Personal Data Officer (Information Technology)

盧廸凡先生

高級個人資料主任(刑事調查)

Mr DF LO

Senior Personal Data Officer (Criminal Investigation)

范碧盈女士

署理律師

Ms Tessa FAN

Acting Legal Counsel

廖雅欣女士

律師

Ms Joyce LIU Legal Counsel

黃寶漫女士

署理律師

Ms Clemence WONG

Acting Legal Counsel



胡慧雅女士

署理高級個人資料主任(投訴)

Ms Terri WU

Acting Senior Personal Data Officer (Complaints)

彭思華先生

署理高級個人資料主任(企業傳訊)

Mr Eric PHENG

Acting Senior Personal Data Officer (Corporate Communications)